MAC BRIEFING

6 May 1959

## FRANCE-ALGERIA

- One year after 13 May coup in Algiers, De Gaulle's bid to restore I. France to domestic and international health depends essentially on solution to the Algerian problem.
- In France itself, gains during the year have been substantial, II. but the rebellion in Algeria, now 4 1/2 years old, shows no let-up, despite evidence of more efficient French army operations. A Sixteen of France's nineleen divisions engaged in trying to supplies it A. De Gaulle has had geneiderable success in establishing control over the army and settlers.
  - Extremists may try to demonstrate against him on 13 May, but the army can probably keep them under control.
  - He is trying to court Moslem support with broader political which, however, representation and an economic reform program but it will not begin to show results for several years.

D.

- E. Rebel leader still dedicated to goal of independence, however, and halk at De Gaulle's cease-fire offer without political discussions.
- F. Meanwhile, as more effective border control pinches rebel supply lines, they are looking to Sino-Soviet Bloc for arms -- delegation now in Peiping.

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- III. Continuance of Algerian war bringing increasing international difficulties for France.
  - A. Tunisia and Morocco are pressing French to evacuate Bizerte naval base and Moroccan air bases.
- IV. On 13 May anniversary image of De Gaulle as all powerful savior of situation is beginning to wear thin in some quarters.
  - A. Labor especially--ideologically opposed to war anyway--is increasingly restless and charges that austerity program puts cost of war on the workers.